A typical afternoon... ... covering circles with random arcs

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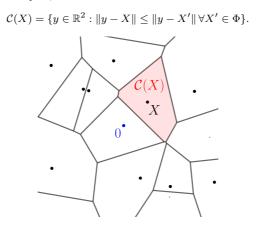
Maths en herbe, IHES

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Poisson-Voronoi tessellation

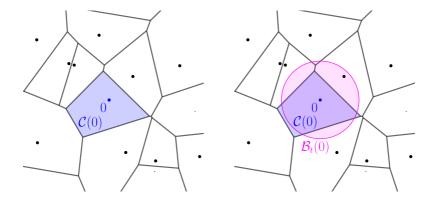
Spatial Poisson point process, i.e. a uniform rain of points • on \mathbb{R}^2 : $\Phi \cup \{0\}$. To each (random) raindrop X, associate the set :



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Our question:

for
$$t >> 0$$
 fixed, $\mathbb{P}(\mathcal{C}(0) \nsubseteq \mathcal{B}_t(0)) = ?$



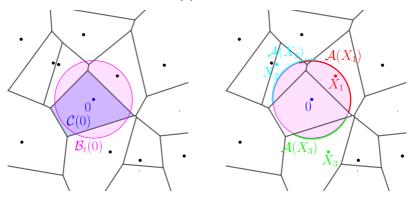
Original question:

for
$$t >> 0$$
, $\mathbb{P}(\mathcal{C}(0) \nsubseteq \mathcal{B}_t(0)) = ?$

Idea of Calka (2002): the raindrops $X \in \Phi \cup \mathcal{B}_{2t}(0)$ close to 0 define a random arc $\mathcal{A}(X)$ on $\partial \mathcal{B}_t(0)$... The original question is equivalent to:

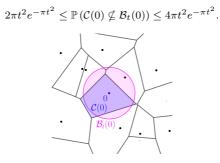
 $\mathbb{P}\left(\partial \mathcal{B}_t(0) \text{ is not covered by } \{\mathcal{A}(X), X \in \Phi \cup \mathcal{B}_{2t}(0)\}\right) = ?$

There are $N \sim \text{Poisson}(\pi(2t)^2)$ i.i.d. arcs positioned unif at random on the circle and whose lengths have density $l \in [0, \pi t] \mapsto \frac{1}{2t} \sin\left(\frac{l}{t}\right)$.



• TO DO: Bibliography! \rightarrow Stevens (1939)

Calka (2002) proves that Stevens (1939) generalizes, but only gives a double bound



C. D'Errico, P. Calka, N. Enriquez: we took a completely different approach to find

$$\mathbb{P}\left(\mathcal{C}(0) \nsubseteq \mathcal{B}_t(0)\right) \underset{t \to \infty}{\sim} 4\pi t^2 e^{-\pi t^2}$$

and for the same construction in \mathbb{R}^d :

$$\mathbb{P}\left(\mathcal{C}(0) \nsubseteq \mathcal{B}_t(0)\right) \underset{t \to \infty}{\sim} \frac{2\pi^{\frac{d^2-1}{2}}}{(d-1)!\Gamma(\frac{d+1}{2})^{d-1}} t^{d(d-1)} e^{-\kappa_d t^d}$$

where κ_d is the volume of the unit ball in \mathbb{R}^d .

Further results and questions...

• Siegel & Holst (1980) found explicit formulas for the probability of covering the circle of circumference 1 with n arcs of i.i.d. random lengths $L_1, ..., L_n \sim L$ where L is any distribution on the interval [0, 1]:

 $\mathbb{P}($ circle of circumference 1 is covered) =

$$=\sum_{k=0}^{n}(-1)^{k}\binom{n}{k}\int_{\{\sum_{i=1}^{k}u_{i}=1\}}\left(\prod_{i=1}^{k}\mathbb{P}(L\leq u_{i})\right)\left(\prod_{j=1}^{k}\int_{0}^{u_{j}}\mathbb{P}(L\leq v)dv\right)^{n-k}du_{1}\cdots du_{k}$$

- TO DO: Asymptotic of \uparrow for $n \to \infty$ for different CDF $x \mapsto \mathbb{P}(L \leq x)$?
- TO DO: Generalize S. & H. for specific distribution of N, a random number of arcs?
- TO DO: What if the density of raindrops is not uniform (but still isotropic): can we generalize Stevens/ Siegel & Holst, or can we apply a new method?

